

Presentation Takeaways

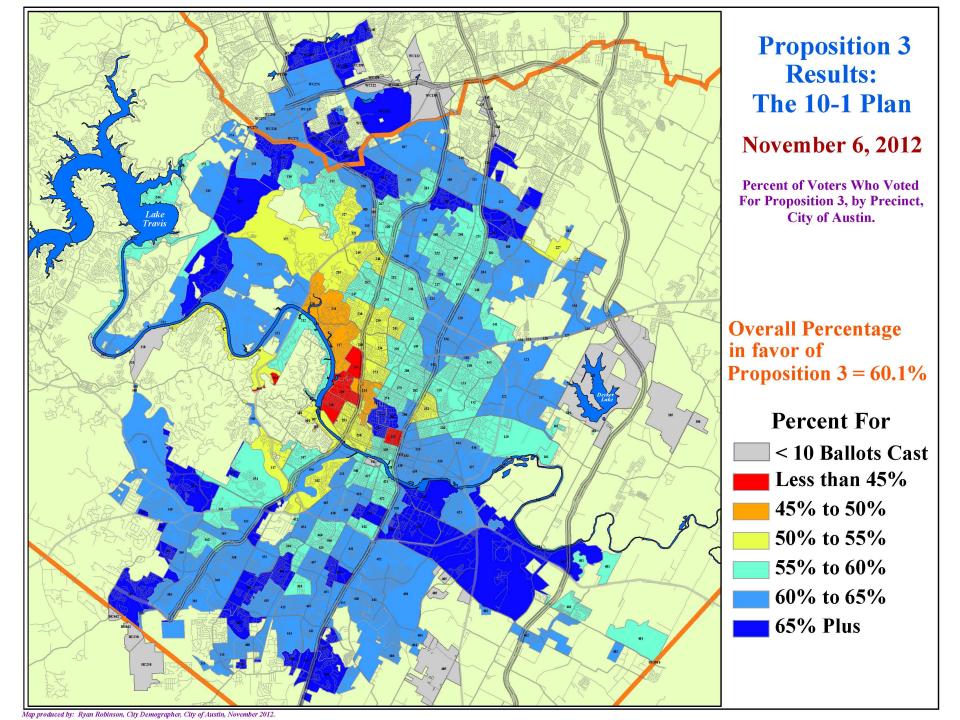
In terms of race and ethnicity, the City of Austin has experienced profound diversification over the past 50 years.

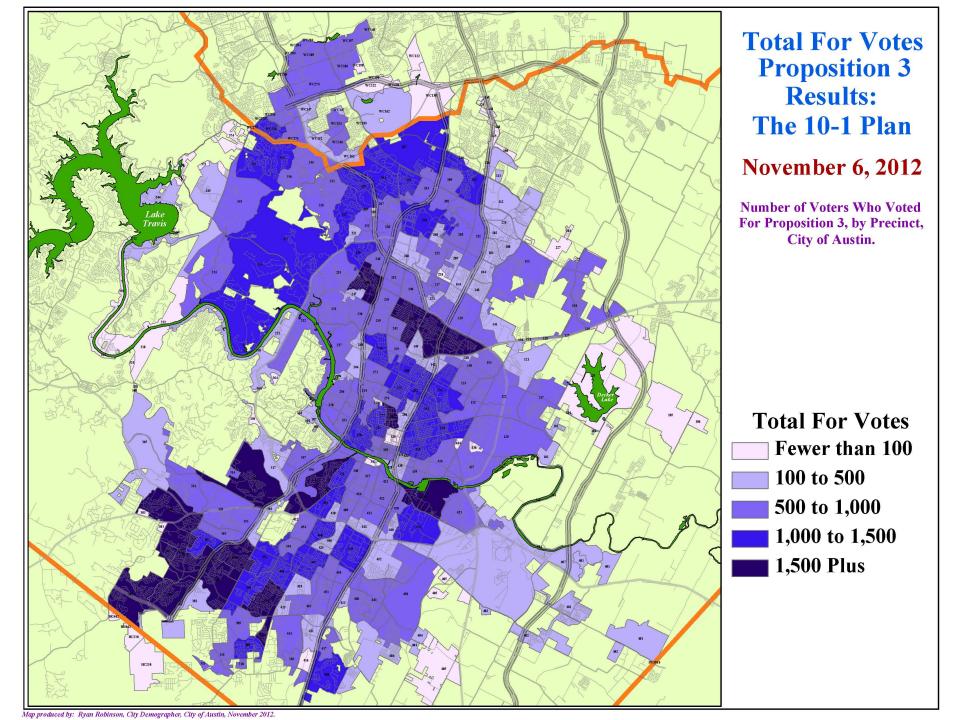
And yet, diversification dynamics are shifting, structurally and spatially.

Austin's collapsing housing affordability is remaking the racial and ethnic landscapes of the City and the metropolitan region.

The structural and spatial histories of Austin's African American, Latino and Asian populations each have had their own unique trajectory.





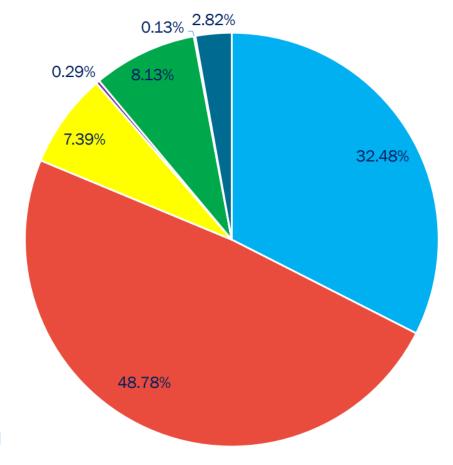






Austin Race/Ethnicity Composition, 2019

- Hispanic or Latino
- White, NH
- Black or African American, NH
- American Indian and Alaska Native, NH
- Asian and Pacific Islander, NH
- Some other race, NH
- Two or more races, NH



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates 2019. Note: NH = Non-Hispanic

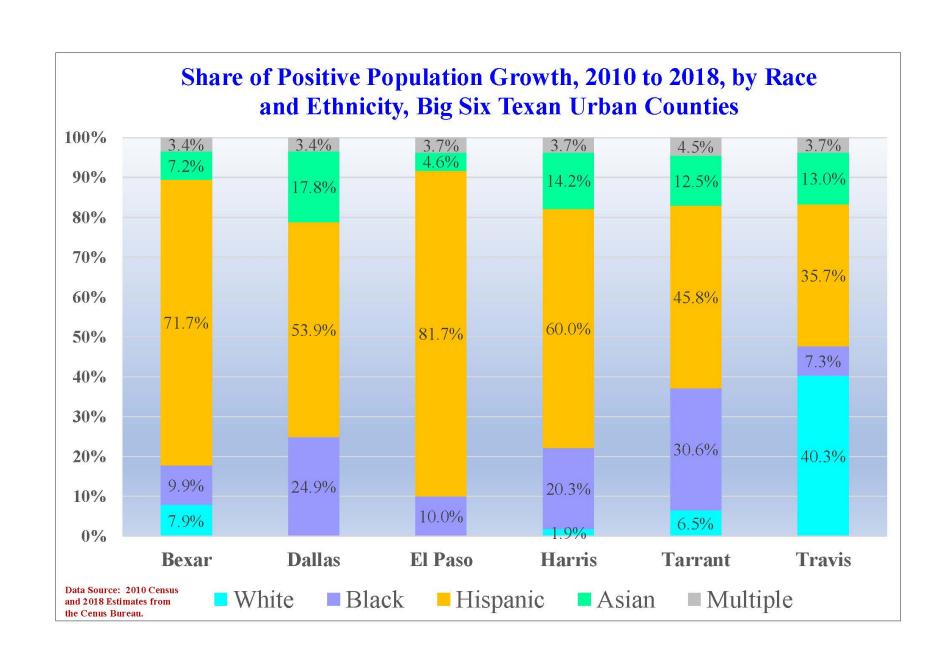


Austin Racial-Ethnic Composition Change, 2010 to 2019

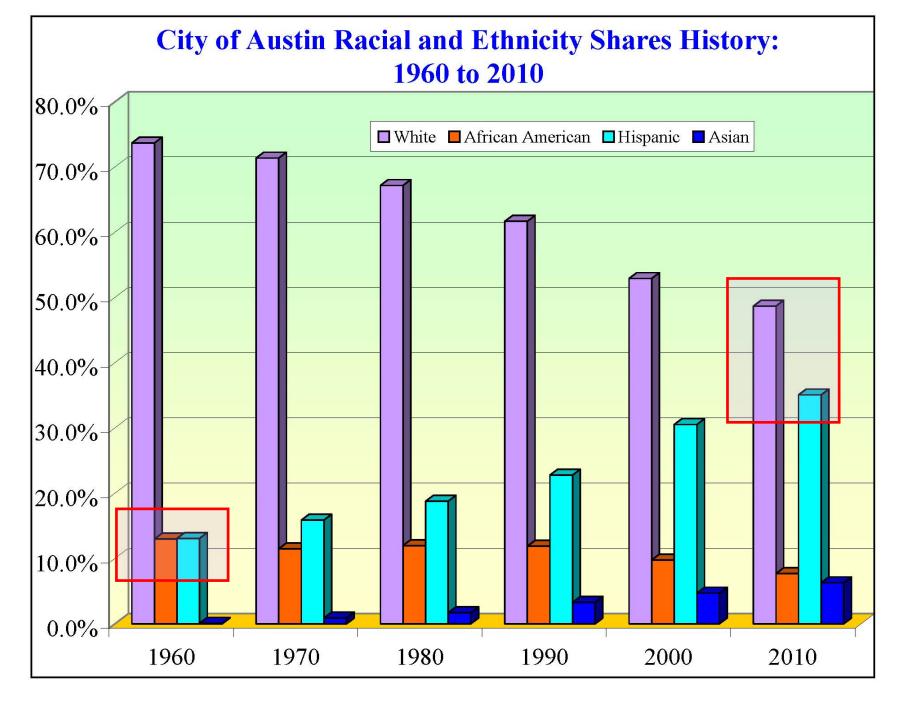
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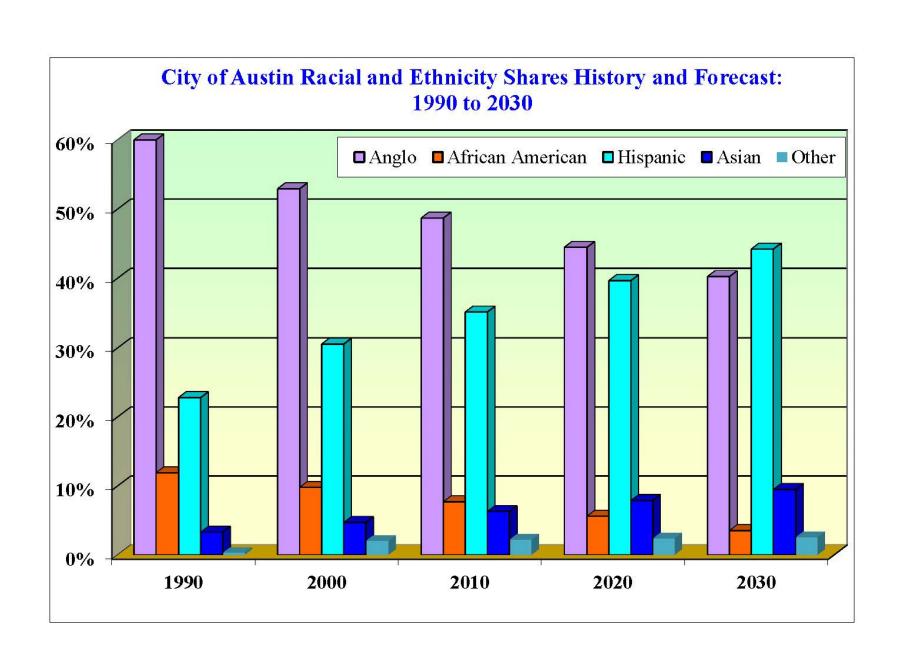
	2010	2019	Percent of Total	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Percent of Total Change
Hispanic or Latino	277,707	318,016	32.48%	40,309	14.51%	21.34%
White, NH	385,271	477,688	48.78%	92,417	23.99%	48.93%
Black or African American, NH	60,760	72,344	7.39%	11,584	19.07%	6.13%
American Indian and Alaska Native, NH	1,967	2,796	0.29%	829	42.15%	0.44%
Asian and Pacific Islander, NH	46,560	79,584	8.13%	33,024	70.93%	17.48%
Some other race, NH	1,448	1,260	0.13%	-188	-12.98%	-0.10%
Two or more races, NH	13,677	27,575	2.82%	13,898	101.62%	7.36%
Total	790,390	979,263	100.00%	188,873	23.90%	100.00%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census 2010; American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates 2019. Note: red text denotes decrease since 2010













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- 1 . Pleasant Hill East of Waller Creek, west of San Marcos St., with E. 11th St. on the north and E. 7th St to the south.
- 2. Mason Town East of Waller Creek between E. 3rd on the north, E. 6th to thew south and Chicon St. on the east.
- 3. Wheatsville East bank of Shoal Creek between W. 24 St. and W. 26 St. with Rio Grande St. on the east.
- 4. Robertson Hill On the bluff north and west of the French Legation, north of Pleasant Hill area and east of Waller Creek. Also, between E. 10th and E. 14th with East Ave. (I-35) on the west and Navasota St. to the east.
- 5. Clarksville Early boundaries were Waterston St. to the north, W. 10th to the south, W. Lynn St. on the east and Johnson Creek on the west.
- Gregory Town Chincapin or Rosewood to the north, Rector and Comal to the west, E. 7th to the south, and Chicon on the east.
- 7. Barton Springs area extending from near the Paggi House (the old Goodrch Plantation) on Lee Barton to the south near Oltorf between Goodrich and Kinney. Information on the precise boundaries is unclear.
- 8. Southside Eva and S. 1st streets on the east to S. 5th on the west. Southern boundary near Oltorf St. with the northern boundary on Monroe St.
- 9. Horst's Pasture (Horst Plantation) -East Ave. between 23rd and 24th streets. Exact boundaries unknown.

names of very minor places associated with the Union during the Civil War, such as Clarksburg and Galesburg, and the name of one major event at Harper's Ferry quietly mark the history of this area.

Communities not indicated on map:

Burditt's Prairie (the Burditt Plantation)

East Austin at Felix Ave. and Valdez St. on the east, Felix and Vasquez St. on the Northeast. Burditt's Prairie Cemetery is to the north of Felix Ave.

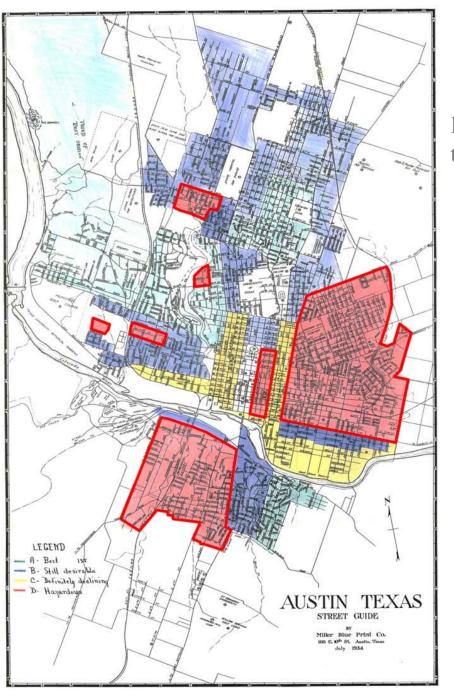
Ryna Branch

In or near Bluff Springs (exact location not known).

Bell Hill

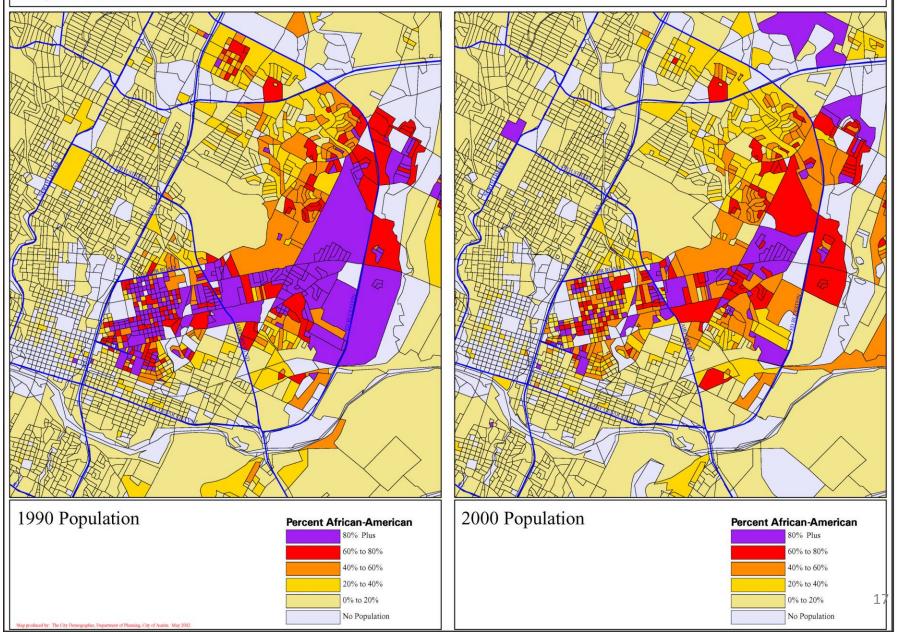
Off Bee Caves Road near Jackson Cemetery (exac ocation not known).





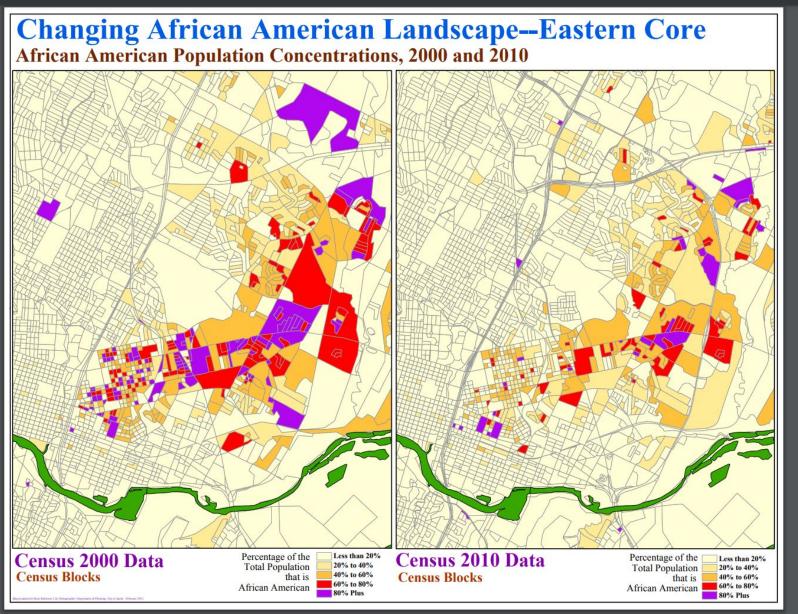
Federal policy formalizes these boundaries with redlining

Changing African-American Landscape in East Austin African-American Population Concentrations, 1990 and 2000. Austin, Texas. 1990 Census and Census 2000 Data.



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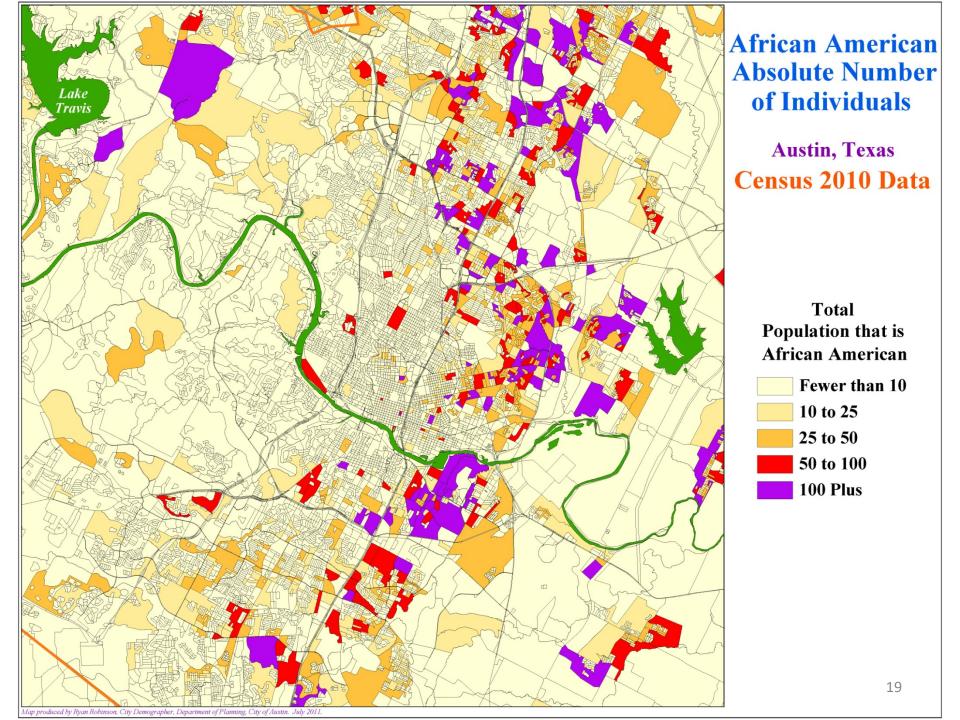














ISSUE BRIEF: First in a Series

Outlier: The Case of Austin's Declining African-

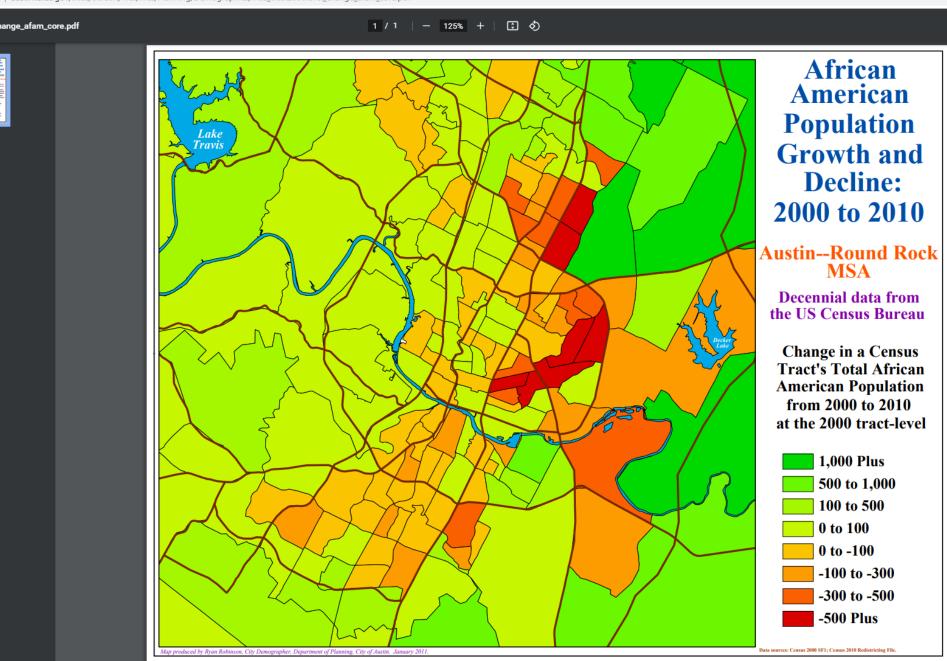
American Population

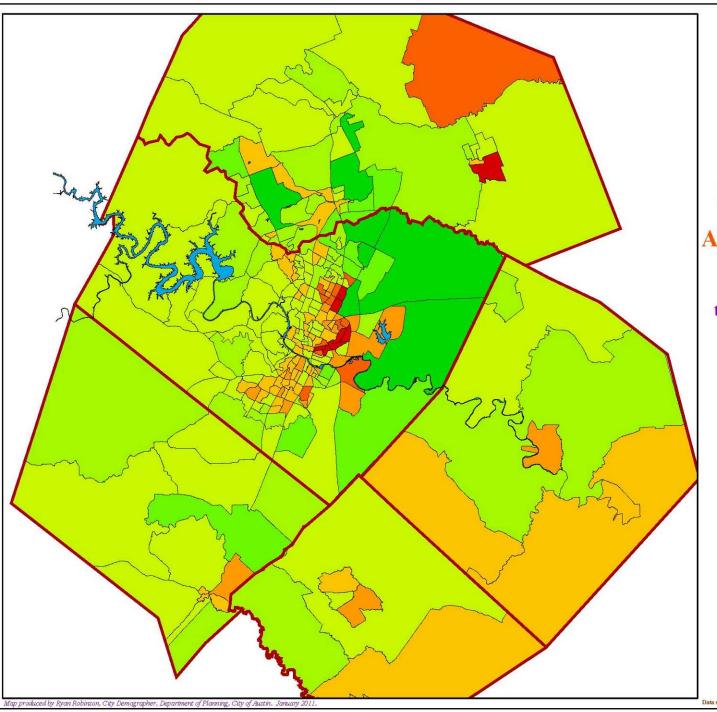
May 8, 2014

Eric Tang, PhD, Assistant Professor and Faculty fellow IUPRA at Community Engagement Chunhui Ren, PhD, Postdoctoral Fellow

INTRODUCTION

Austin, Texas has consistently ranked among the fastest growing major cities in the United States (a major city is defined here as one with a population of more than 500,000 in 2000). U.S. Census data from 2000 and 2010 reveal a total population growth rate of 20.4%, making Austin the third fastest growing major city in the nation during that decade. But among the ten fastest growing major cities in the United States, Austin stood out in one crucial respect: it was the only such city that suffered a net loss in its African-American population. Indeed, between 2000 and 2010, Austin was a statistical outlier—it was the only major city in the United States to experience a double-digit rate of general population growth coincident with African-American population decline.





African American Population Growth and Decline: 2000 to 2010

Austin--Round Rock MSA

Decennial data from the US Census Bureau

Change in a Census Tract's Total African American Population from 2000 to 2010 at the 2000 tract-level

1,000 Plus

500 to 1,000

100 to 500

0 to 100

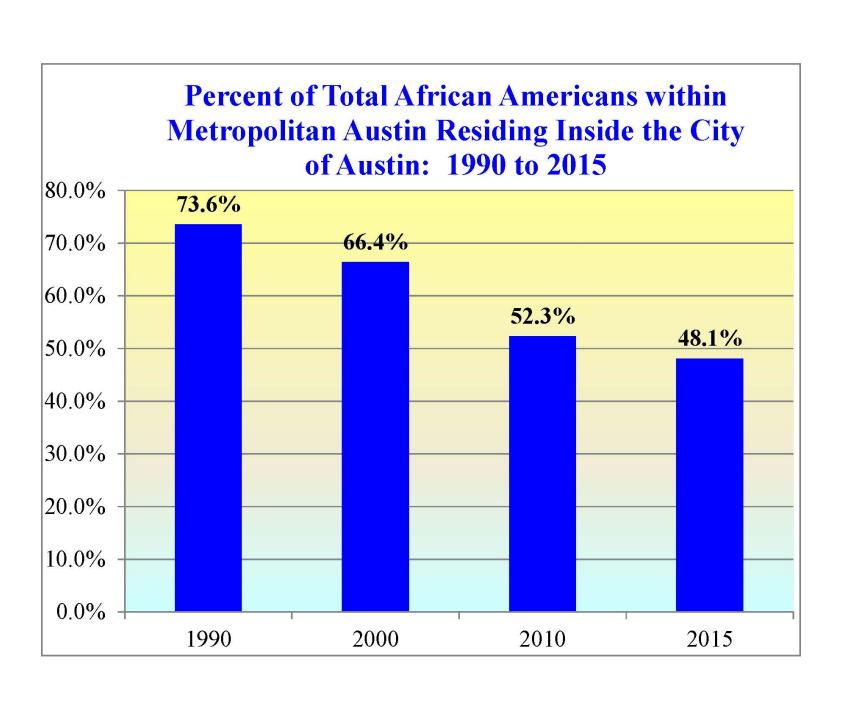
0 to -100

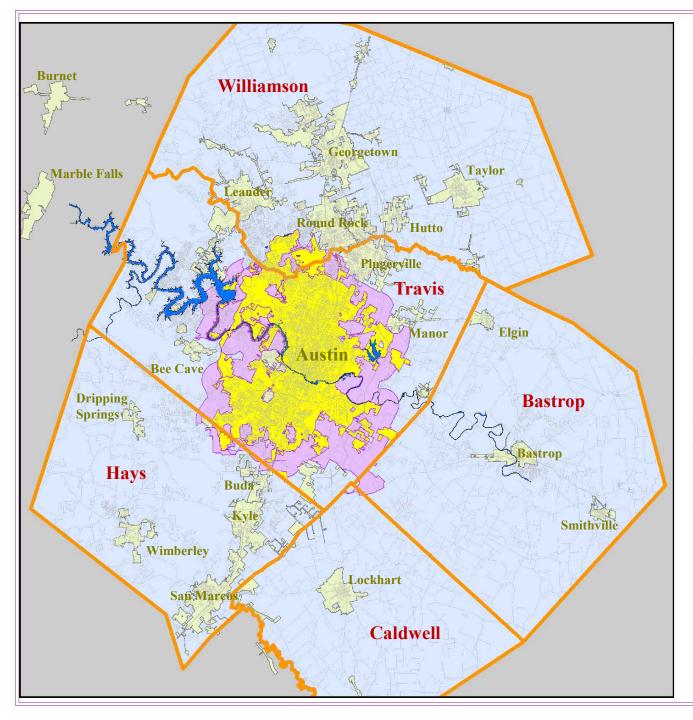
-100 to -300

-300 to -500

-500 Plus

Data sources: Census 2000 SF1; Census 2010 Redistricting File.





Austin--Round Rock MSA

Metropolitan Statistical Area

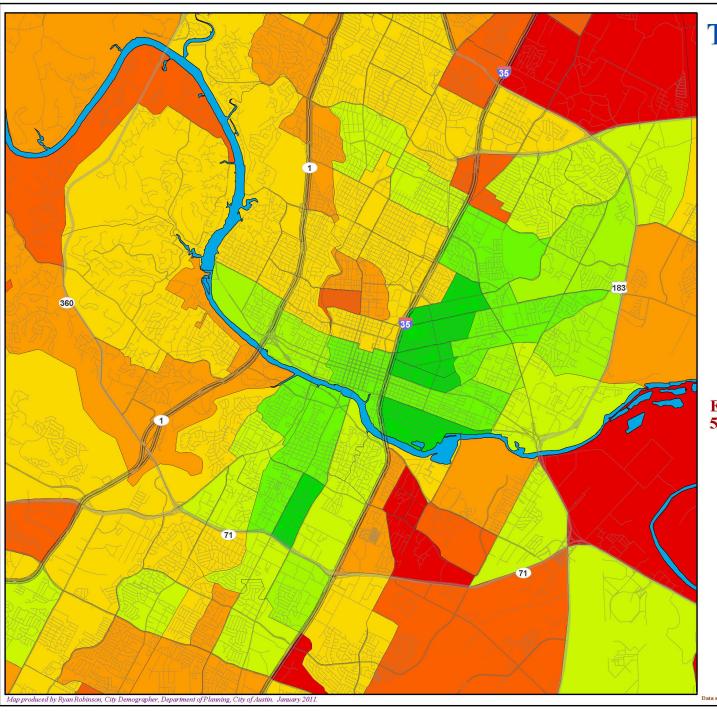
April 2016



City of Austin Full and Limited Jurisdiction



City of Austin Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction



The Whitening of the Urban Core: 2000 to 2010

Austin, Texas

Decennial data from the US Census Bureau

Change in a Census Tract's Percentage of Total Population that is non-Hispanic White from 2000 to 2010 at the 2000 tract-level

Example: 50% in 2000, 59% in 2010 = 9 Point Gain

Point Gain or Loss

15 Points Plus

10 to 15 Points

5 to 10 Points

0 to 5 Points

0 to -5 Points

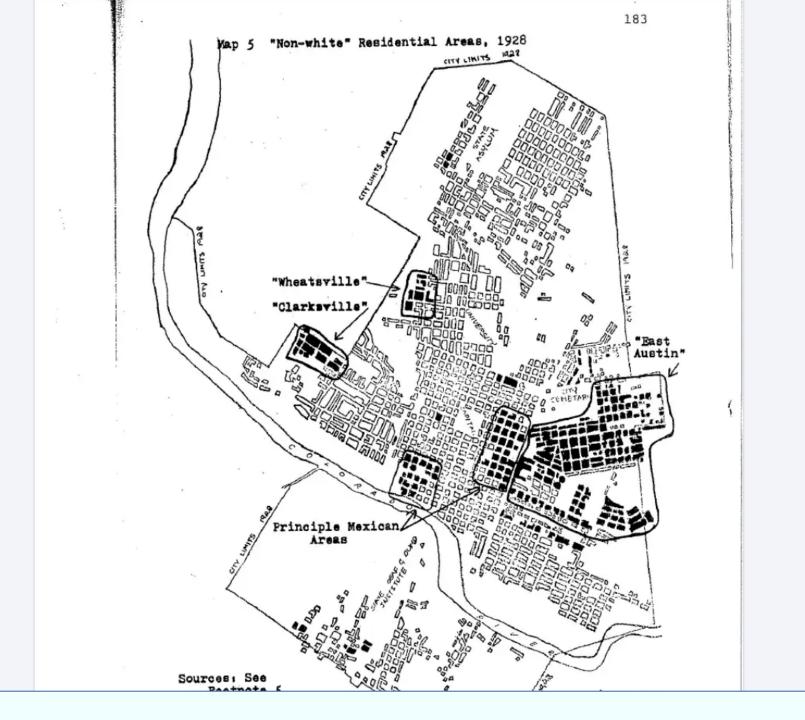
-10 to -5 Points

-15 to -10 Points

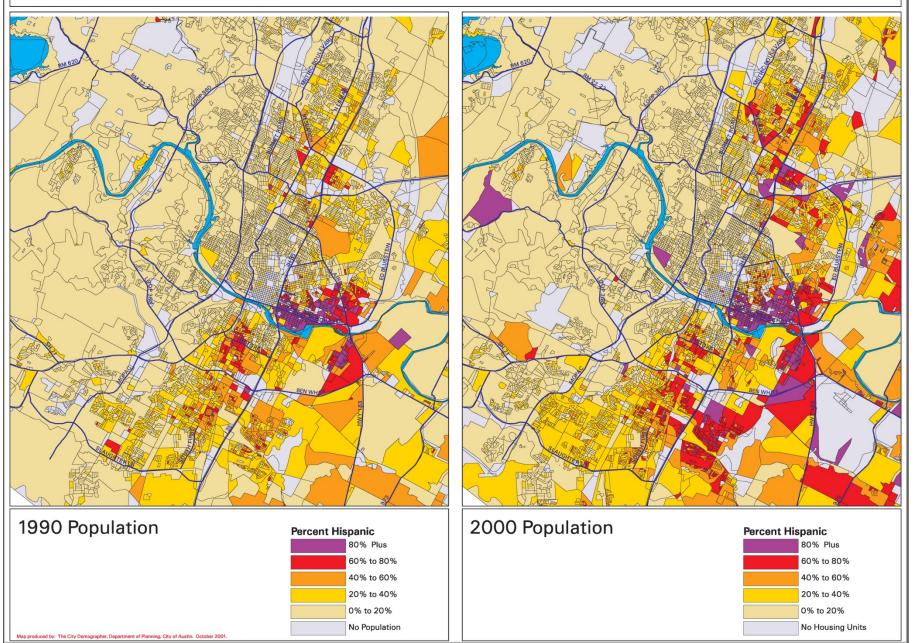
-15 Points Plus

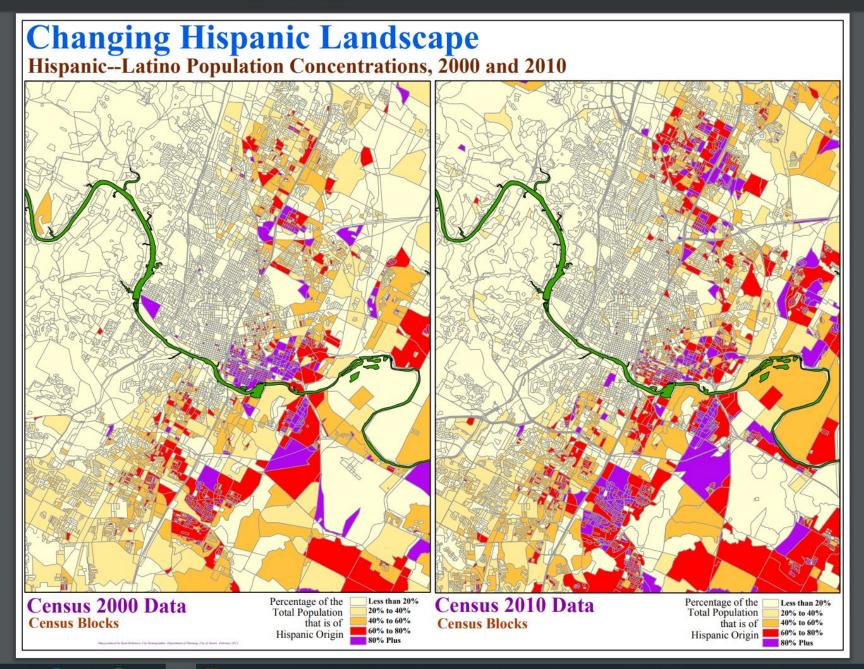
Data sources: Census 2000 SF1; Census 2010 Redistricting File.

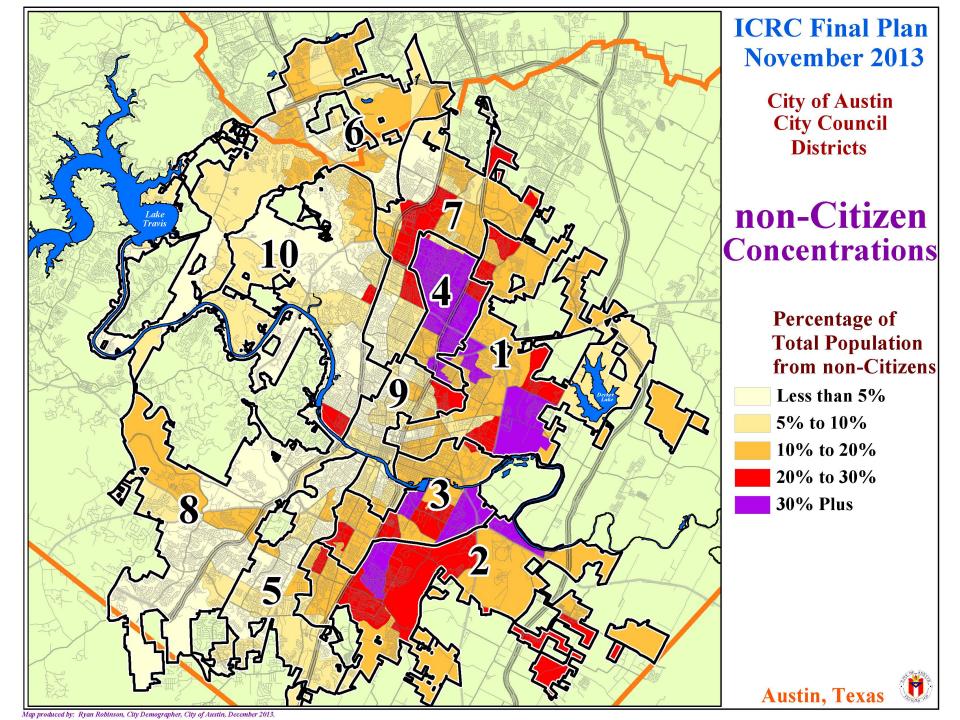




Changing Hispanic Landscape Hispanic Population Concentrations, 1990 and 2000. Austin, Texas. 1990 Census and Census 2000 Data.

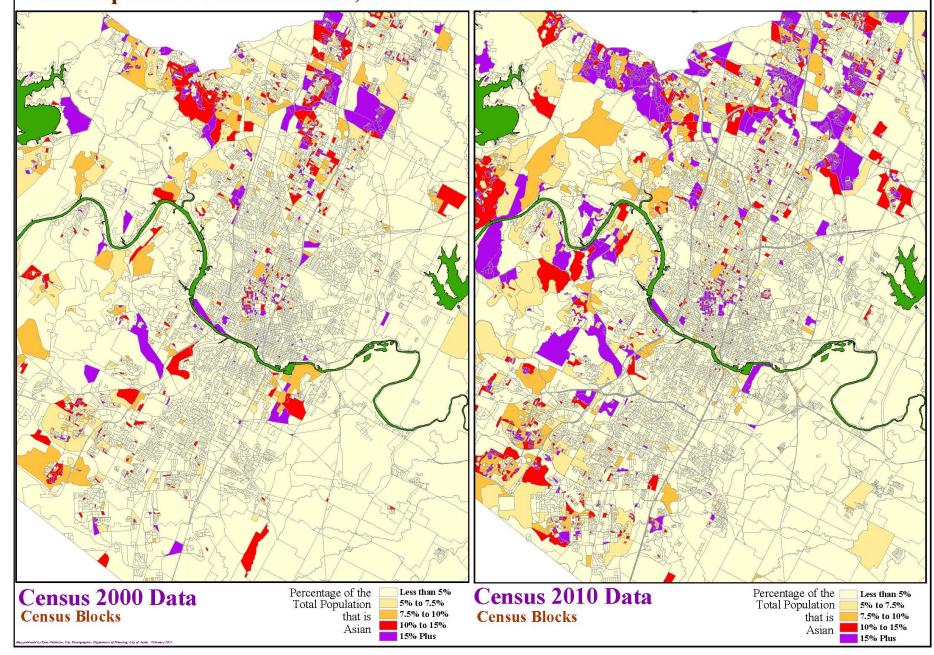


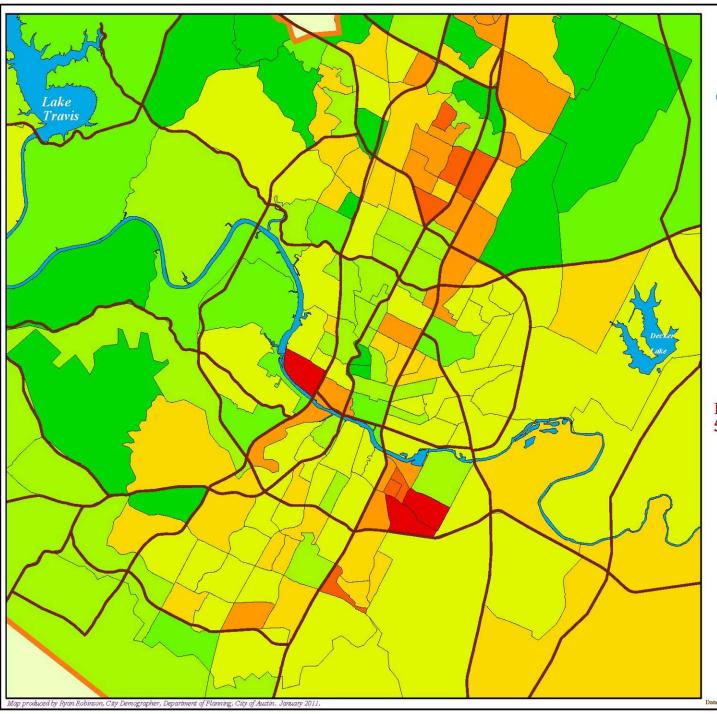






Changing Asian Landscape--Travis County Asian Population Concentrations, 2000 and 2010





Change in
Asian the
Percentage of
Total Population
2000 to 2010

Travis County

Decennial data from the US Census Bureau

Change in a Census
Tract's Percentage of
Total Population that
is Asian
from 2000 to 2010
at the 2000 tract-level

Example: 50% in 2000, 59% in 2010 = 9 Point Gain

Point Gain or Loss

5 Points Plus

3 to 5 Points

1 to 3 Points

0 to 1 Points

-1 to 0 Points

-3 to -1 Points

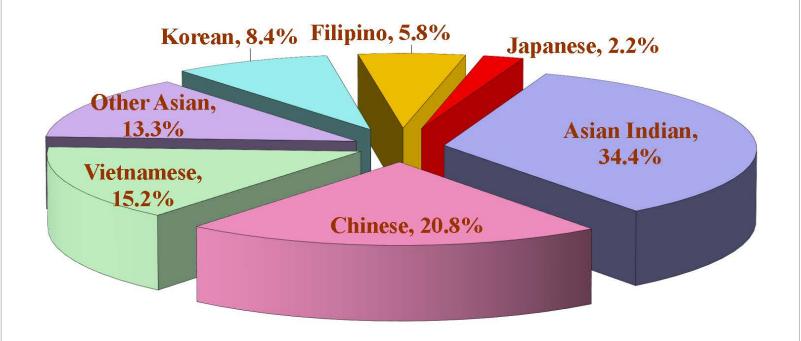
-5 to -3 Points

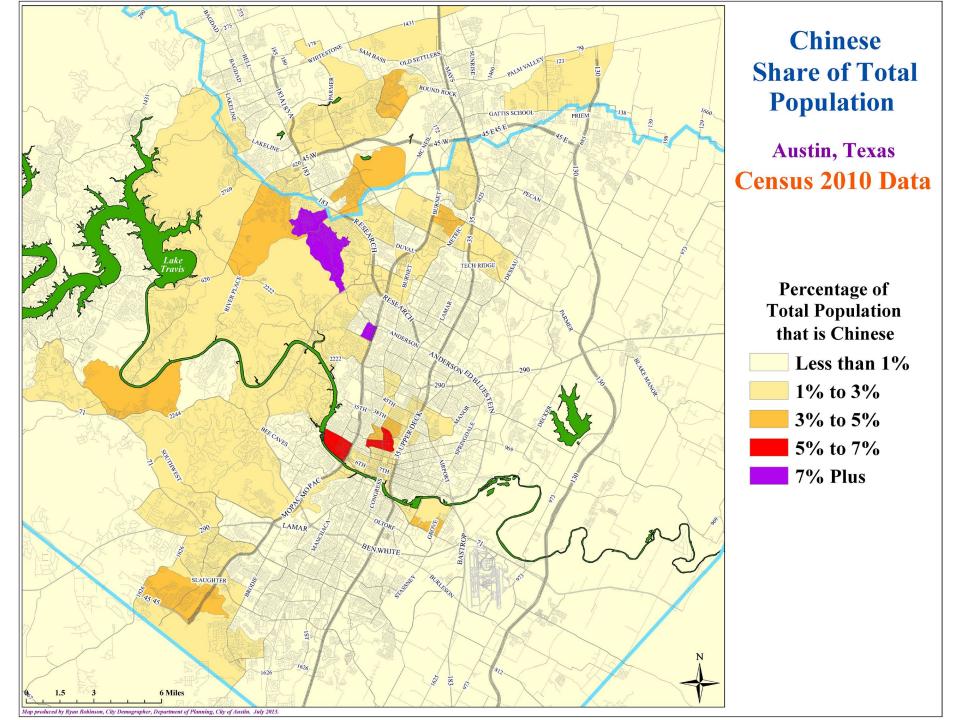
-5 Points Plus

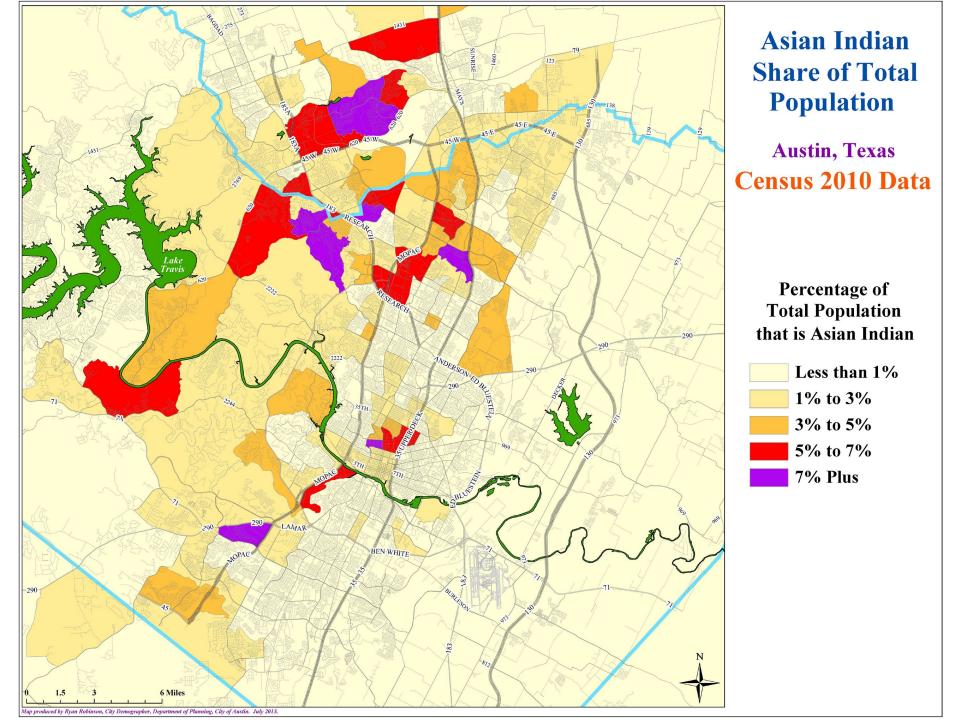
Data sources: Census 2000 SF1; Census 2010 Redistricting File.

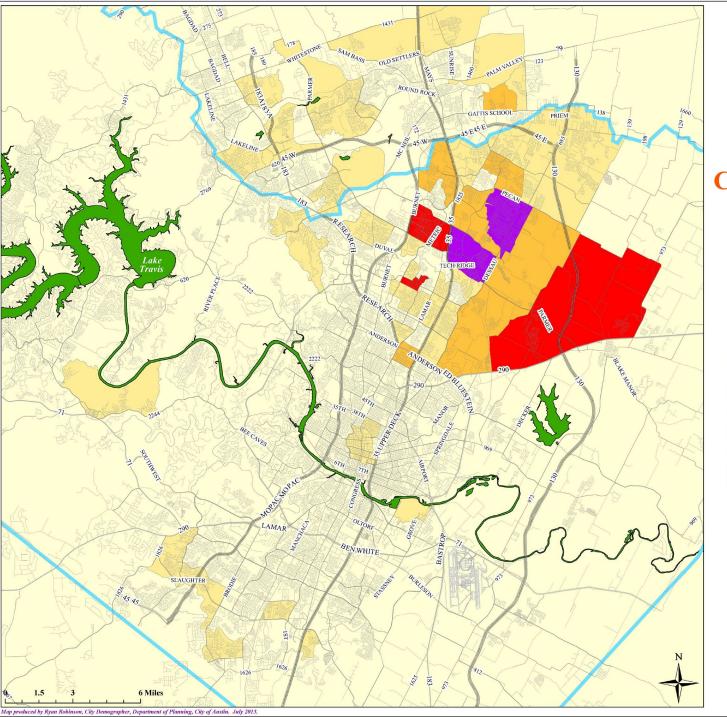


Breakout of Asians in metropolitan Austin, ACS 2015 data









Vietnamese Share of Total Population

Austin, Texas
Census 2010 Data

Percentage of Total Population that is Vietnamese

Less than 1%

1% to 3%

3% to 5%

5% to 7%

7% Plus



